

HIV Infection Risk, Prevention, and Testing Behaviors Among Heterosexually Active Persons



National HIV Behavioral Surveillance • 2025

Denver • CO

436 heterosexually active low socio-economic persons were interviewed

<1% were **HIV-positive**

Increasing access to health insurance and health care is a vital step in improving health, including HIV prevention.



8%

did not have health insurance



18%

had not visited a health care provider in the past 12 months

Pre-exposure prophylaxis (or PrEP) is a pill that, when taken daily, can protect someone from getting HIV.

Among HIV-negative persons interviewed

31%



had **ever** heard of **PrEP**

<1%



took PrEP in the past 12 months



Correct and consistent condom use **reduces the risk of HIV and other sexually transmitted infections.**

68% of men and **72%** of women did not use a condom with their last casual partner

CDC recommends that everyone be **tested for HIV at least once.**



76% had ever been **tested for HIV**

NHBS collects data to guide HIV prevention efforts at local and national levels by characterizing and monitoring HIV risk behaviors and use of testing and other prevention services among people at highest risk for HIV infection.

<https://www.phidenverhealth.org/health-data/nhbs>